UNIPARTS OLSEN INC.

Translated Report on the annual accounts 2019/2020



Uniparts Olsen Inc. Translated Balance Sheets as at March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019

			(Amount in INR)
Particulars	Notes	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	С	5,73,03,227	27,953
Accounts receivable, net	Ď	41,60,14,220	40,59,39,806
Inventories, net	E	1,25,14,30,249	1,25,54,03,494
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		1,15,87,292	67,36,477
Other receivables	K	6,02,90,534	49,81,680
Due from parent	Q	3,14,34,862	3,54,30,677
Total current assets		1,82,80,60,384	1,70,85,20,087
Property and equipment, net	F	17,77,00,616	16,05,93,242
Capitalized software cost	G	3,88,22,325	1,24,75,995
Other receivables, net of current portion		-	24,83,506
Goodwill		52,05,73,031	47,80,78,684
Total assets		2,56,51,56,356	2,36,21,51,514
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY Current liabilities Line of credit Accounts payable Due to related parties Current portion of long term debt Accrued expenses Insurance claim recoveries in advance	I Q I K	36,17,03,121 12,79,20,614 21,69,91,179 2,44,48,885 13,95,12,126 4,92,39,060	47,95,23,509 15,92,08,267 16,79,24,130 2,96,14,496 6,47,66,545
Total current liabilities		91,98,14,985	90,10,36,947
Non-current liabilities Long term debt, net of current portion		4,12,76,300	5,88,88,993
Deferred rent		55,36,586	2,00,00,223
Deferred gain- leaseback	J	, ,	19,49,082
Deferred income taxes	N	15,39,12,011	12,90,36,928
Total non-current liabilities	***************************************	20,07,24,897	18,98,75,003
Stockholder's equity Common stock, \$1 @ Rs. 45.55 par value, 612,151 shares and if @ Rs. 40.29 par value 612,150 shares authorized, issued and	R	5,25,47,002	5 25 47 002
utstanding	**	0,20,41,002	5,25,47,002
Additional paid-in capital		11,57,09,979	11,50,32,296
detained earnings		1,14,97,77,000	1,00,10,90,183
oreign currency translation reserve		12,65,82,493	10,25,70,083
'otal stockholder's equity	***************************************	1,44,46,16,474	1,27,12,39,564
otal liabilities and stockholder's equity		2,56,51,56,356	2,36,21,51,514



Uniparts Olsen Inc.
Translated Statement of income for the years ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019

			(Amount in INR)
Particulars	Notes	For the Year ended March 31, 2020	For the Year ended March 31, 2019
Revenues, net	M	3,32,47,60,990	4,03,51,12,566
Cost of goods sold	***	2,94,51,04,145	3,55,51,48,350
Gross profit		37,96,56,845	47,99,64,216
Selling, general and administration expense		19,17,52,771	20,24,26,364
Income from operations		18,79,04,074	27,75,37,852
Other (expense) income			
Fire related expenses	K	(21,83,43,924)	_
Insurance claim recoveries	K	23,17,94,363	-
Interest expense	I	(2,30,73,271)	(2,43,37,684)
Amortization of gain on sale and leaseback	J	19,97,253	47,26,103
Total other expense		(76,25,579)	(1,96,11,581)
Income before income tax expense		18,02,78,495	25,79,26,271
Current income tax expense	N	1,94,15,043	4,57,07,334
Deferred tax expense	N	1,26,15,521	1,22,18,730
Total income tax expense		3,20,30,564	5,79,26,064
Net income for the year		14,82,47,931	20,00,00,207



Uniparts Olsen Inc.

Translated Statement of Stockholder's equity for the years ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019

		Common Stock	Ctock					(Amount in INK)
		COMMINGE	SIOUR					
Particulars	Authorized	rized	Issued and outstanding	outstanding	Additional	Retained earnings	Foreign currency	Total stockholder's
	Shares	Value	Shares	Value	paid-in capital	security carmings	translation reserve	equity
Balance as March 31, 2018	12,24,301	5.25.47.002	12.24.301	5 25 47 002	11 50 22 202	+00 +1 /1 /0		
Net income for the year			100111111	700,14,04,0	067,26,06,11	80,56,54,081	8,66,39,898	1,05,98,73,277
The contract of the contract o		•	•	•	•	20,00,00,207	•	20.00.00.207
Exchange difference	,	•		•	•	(45 64 105)	1 50 20 105	***************************************
Balance as March 31, 2019	12 24 301	E 25 47 000	10 04 001			(201,12,01)	1,75,70,100	1,13,00,080
Daniel 2010 14-11-11	LUCIETACAL	700,12,62,6	17,74,301	5,25,47,002	11,50,32,296	1,00,10,90,183	10.25.70.083	1 27 12 39 564
cuipioyee stock options	•	•	•	•	6 77 683			KOOK COKET KITCH
Net income for the year	•				200,171,0		•	6,77,683
Fychange difference		•	•	•	•	14,82,47,931	t	14,82,47,931
Exclusion which cance	1	,	•	1	ı	4.38.886	2 40 12 410	2 44 51 206
Balance as March 31, 2020	12,24,301	5,25,47,002	12,24,301	12,24,301 5,25,47,002	11,57,09,979	1.14.97.77.000	12, 65, 82, 403	1 44 45 15 454
						2 1 1 1 1	C/Z/PO/CO/PX	1,14,10,10,4/4



Uniparts Olsen Inc.

Translated Statement of Cash Flows for the years ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019

		(Amount in INR)
Particulars	For the year Ended March 31, 2020	For the year Ended March 31, 2019
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income for the year	14,82,47,931	20,00,00,207
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		
Depreciation and amortization	3,17,92,727	2,77,61,450
Provision for slow moving inventory	2,12,70,000	, , , , <u>-</u>
Deferred income tax expense	1,26,15,521	1,22,18,730
Provision for employee stock options	6,37,746	-
Amortization of gain on sale and leaseback	(19,97,253)	(47,26,103)
Insurance claim recovery for property and equipment Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net	(31,17,189)	
Accounts receivable	2,44,75,035	(13,66,03,543)
Inventories	8,74,80,320	(20,40,73,127)
Prepaid expenses	(19,06,572)	(7,01,927)
Other receivables	(4,90,87,686)	60,13,330
Due from parent	67,23,943	1,44,82,320
Accounts payable	(4,02,75,667)	(2,83,94,372)
Due to related parties	3,21,28,973	10,50,19,840
Accrued expenses	6,24,37,801	58,47,200
Insurance claim recoveries in advance	1,44,32,262	
Deferred rent and deferred gain on sale and leaseback	52,10,228	(1,31,19,579)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	35,10,68,120	(1,62,75,574)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of property and equipment	(4,77,00,031)	(2,11,06,680)
Acquisition of capitalized software	(1,07,30,077)	(34,19,787)
(nsurance claim recovery for property and equipment (including advance)		
•	3,50,22,189	-
Net cash used in investing activities	(2,34,07,919)	(2,45,26,467)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Repayment) of/ proceeds from line of credit, net	(15,09,87,789)	8,26,95,782
Repayments of debt	(2,88,39,000)	(2,08,19,309)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(17,98,26,789)	6,18,76,473
Net changes in cash and cash equivalents	14,78,33,412	2,10,74,432
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	27,953	2,99,66,747
oreign currency translation reserve	(9,05,58,138)	(5,10,13,226)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year	5,73,03,227	27,953
UPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW NFORMATION		
ash paid for interest	2,42,73,679	2 20 70 757
ash paid for income taxes	1,51,72,600	2,20,79,757 3,21,67,885
UPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH INVESTING ND FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
quipment acquired through capital expenditures debt facility		3 18 86 021
onversion of capital expenditures debt facility to note payable	-	3,48,86,934 5 30 10 757
apitalized software cost paid by related party (Note Q)	1 62 41 216	5,30,10,757
The state of the s	1,63,41,316	91,87,838



NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS

The operations of Uniparts Olsen Inc. (the "Company") consist of machining of metal parts and components as well as purchasing of machine parts from related party and third-party vendors for resale. The Company sells its products primarily to agricultural and construction equipment manufacturers in North America on credit terms the Company establishes with each customer. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Uniparts USA Ltd. (the "Parent").

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A summary of the significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements are as follows:

(a) Basis of preparation

- i. The accompanying financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with the accounting and reporting requirements of generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ('US GAAP') to reflect the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the Company.
- ii. The financial statements are for the years April 01, 2019 to March 31, 2020 and April 01, 2018 to March 31, 2019.
- iii. Unless otherwise specifically noted, all amounts in these financial statements are in Indian Rupees, except number of shares.
- iv. Certain reclassifications have been made in the financial statements of prior periods to conform to the classifications used in the current year which includes reclassification of 'Due to related parties' from 'Accounts payable' on the balance sheets. These changes had no impact on previously reported net income or retained earnings.

(b) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates are used in determining, among other items, accounts receivable allowance, inventory valuation (which includes allowance for obsolescence and standard labor and overhead rates capitalized in inventory), goodwill impairment, medical insurance accruals, useful lives of tangible and intangible assets, provision for warranty costs and deferred income taxes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(c) Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with maturities of three months or less at the time of acquisition to be cash equivalents for financial statement purposes. Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand, checks in transit and balance with banks.

(d) Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are non-interest-bearing customer obligations due under normal trade terms, usually within 30 days of services provided. Customer account balances with invoices dated over 90 days are considered delinquent. The Company applies collections of accounts receivable to specific invoices in accordance with customer specifications, or if unspecified, to the oldest outstanding invoices.

The Company carries its accounts receivable at cost less an allowance for doubtful accounts. On a periodic basis, the Company evaluates its accounts receivable and establishes an allowance for doubtful accounts based on a history of past write-offs and collections, and current credit conditions. The Company will turn an account over for collection or write balances off as uncollectible based on the facts and circumstances of each situation. As of March 31, 2020, and March 31, 2019, the allowance for doubtful accounts totalled Rs. 41,43,700/- and Rs. 51,89,250/-, respectively.



Uniparts Olsen Inc.

Translated notes to the financial statements March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019

(c) Inventories

Inventories, which consist primarily of construction, agricultural and forestry equipment parts and supplies are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value and are net of an estimated allowance for obsolescence. Cost is determined using the average cost method and items are relieved from inventory on a first-in first-out basis. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(f) Property and equipment

Property and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of the term of the lease or the life of the assets. Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets as follows:

Class of asset	Estimated useful life (years)
Shop equipment	3-25
Office equipment	3-7
Vehicle	5
Computer equipment	3
Building	5-39
Software	3

Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred.

(g) Capitalized software costs

The Company has developed an integrated software system and associated costs have been capitalized in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 350 "Intangibles - Goodwill and Other." Upon implementation of the system, the costs are amortized over a period of three years.

(h) Goodwill

The Company evaluates goodwill when internal and external factors exist which indicate that the book value of goodwill could be impaired. Prior to adoption of the accounting pronouncement relating to goodwill, the Company recorded accumulated amortization of goodwill of Rs. 11,80,92,738/-. Management has determined that no impairment analysis was required and believes goodwill is not impaired as of March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019.

(i) Valuation of long-lived assets

The Company reviews long-lived assets, including property and equipment, for impairment whenever events or changes in business circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be fully recoverable. Management has determined that no impairment assessment was required for the periods presented in the financial statements.

(j) Fair value of financial statements

The carrying value of financial instruments including cash, accounts receivable and accounts payable approximates fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments. The carrying amounts of long-term debt approximate fair value as the interest rates used approximate current interest rates available.

(k) Warranties

Provisions for warranty costs are recognized at the date of sale of the relevant products, at management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the Company's obligation, net of warranties provided by suppliers.



(1) Revenue recognition

Effective April 01, 2019, the Company has adopted FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of products or services promised to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to receive in exchange for these products or services. The Company adopted modified-retrospective approach for adoption of Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 606 and the provisions did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements, although the financial statement presentation and disclosures have changed. Please refer to Note M "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" for further information on the Company's revenue.

The core principle of ASC 606 is that an entity recognizes revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

Revenue is recognized when obligations under the terms of a contract with a customer are satisfied; generally, this occurs with the transfer of control of the Company's products or services. Revenue is measured as the amount of consideration the Company expects to receive in exchange for transferring goods or providing services. A performance obligation is a promise in a contract to transfer a distinct good or service to the customer and is the unit of account in the contract. A contract's transaction price is allocated to each distinct performance obligation and recognized as revenue when, or as, the performance obligation is satisfied.

Revenues related to sale of products is recognized at a point in time when control of the asset is transferred to the customer based on an overall assessment of the existence of a right to payment, the allocation of ownership rights, the transfer of physical possession, the transfer of control, and acceptance by the customer. In case of product sales undertaken by the Company, sales are recognized when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are either picked up by customer or shipped from the warehouse, as agreed in the contract, the entity has right to payment and has transferred legal title to a customer. Revenue from these sales is recognized based on the price specified in the contract, net of the estimated trade discounts, rebates and allowances.

(m) Shipping and handling cost

The Company classifies freight billed to customers as sales revenue, which is generally included in the list price to the customer. Freight costs are considered as fulfilment cost and recorded as a cost of product revenue. The Company does not consider shipping to be a separate performance obligation.

(n) Income taxes

Income taxes are provided for tax effects of transactions reported in the financial statements and consist of taxes currently due plus deferred taxes related primarily to differences between the basis for accounts receivable, inventory, net property and equipment, net goodwill, accrued expenses and deferred rent for financial and income tax reporting. The Company's tax obligation is combined with the activities of its Parent in a consolidated return. The income tax provisions shown in the accompanying financial statements have been determined based solely on the operations of the Company. Current and deferred taxes are allocated to the Company using the separate return method. This method allocates income taxes to each member of the consolidated group based on its apportionment. Other non-consolidated state income taxes are also computed on a separate company basis.

The deferred tax assets and liabilities represent the future tax return consequences of those differences, which will either be taxable or deductible when the assets and liabilities are expected to be recovered or settled. Deferred tax expense or benefit is recognized as a result of the change in the deferred tax assets or liabilities during the year.

The Company files consolidated tax returns along with its parent company in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and various states. Furthermore, the Company has no income tax related penalties or interest for the periods reported in these financial statements.

The Company has not recognized any uncertain tax positions in the financial statements as at March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019.

(o) Operating leases

Lease rent expenses on operating leases are charged to expense over the lease term. Rent expense for such leases is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.



(p) Stock based compensation to employees

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation expense relating to equity stock options that will be settled in shares of Uniparts India Limited, ultimate parent company. The Company computes the fair value of options granted using Black Scholes option pricing model. An amount equal to such compensation expense for the year is credited to additional paid-in capital of the Company.

The Company has used guidance in ASC 718; "Compensation-Stock Compensation" to account for employee share-based payments. ASC 718 requires share-based payments to employees, including grants of employee stock options and purchases under employee stock purchase plans, to be recognized in statements of income based on their fair values.

In accordance with ASC 718, the Company recognized stock-based compensation for awards granted by the ultimate parent company, that are expected to vest on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period of the awards. In respect of awards that have a graded vesting schedule and with only service conditions, compensation cost is recognized on straight line basis over the requisite service period for each separately vesting portion of the award as if the award was-in-substance, multiple awards. In determining whether an award is expected to vest, the Company uses an estimated forfeiture rate based on historical rates. The estimated forfeiture rate is updated for actual forfeitures annually.

(q) Retirement benefits to employees

Contributions to defined contribution plans are charged to statements of income in the period in which they accrue.

(r) Commitments and contingencies

Liabilities for loss contingencies arising from claims, assessments, litigations, fines, penalties and other sources are recorded when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated.

(s) Insurance recoveries

A potential insurance recovery is evaluated and accounted for separately from the related loss and does not affect the recorded amount of the loss. An asset relating to an insurance recovery is recognized only when realization of the claim is deemed probable, and only to the extent of the related loss recognized in the financial statements. Any amount expected to be recovered in excess of the recognized loss, which will result in a gain, is not recognized until any contingencies relating to the insurance claim have been resolved. A contingent gain is not recognized until realized. The recovery of a loss is generally considered probable if there is a legally enforceable contract that stipulates the terms of the insurance coverage and the terms are not in dispute.



NOTE C - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of the following:

(Amount in INR)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Cash in hand	10.397	27,953
Check in transit*	5,57,91,756	-
Balances with banks in checking accounts	15,01,074	
Total	5,73,03,227	27.953

Cash balances with the bank are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to an aggregate of Rs. 1,88,35,000/-(March 31, 2019: Rs. 1,72,97,500/-).

NOTE D- ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The Company's accounts receivable primarily relate to sale of goods to outside customers. Accounts receivable comprise the following:

		(Amount in INR)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Receivable from Customers	42.01.57.920	41,11,29,056
Less: Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	(41,43,700)	(51,89,250)
Accounts receivable, net	41,60,14,220	40,59,39,806

All the account receivable of the Company are collateralized as security against the line of credit (Refer Note I).

NOTE E - INVENTORIES

The composition of inventories as of I	March 31, 2020 is as follows:		(Amount in INR)
Particulars	Total	Obsolescence Allowance	Net Amount
Raw materials	18,63,03,615	-	18,63,03,615
Work-in-progress	10,26,42,915	(75,34,000)	9,51,08,915
Finished goods	90,37,20,930	(4,52,04,000)	85,85,16,930
Supplies	11,15,00,789		11,15,00,789
Total	1,30,41,68,249	(5,27,38,000)	1.25.14.30.249

The composition of inventories as of Man	rch 31, 2019 is as follows:		(Amount in INR)
Particulars	Total	Obsolescence Allowance	Net Amount
Raw materials	36,12,40,229	•	36,12,40,229
Work-in-process	11,09,84,150	(69,19,000)	10,40,65,150
Finished goods	69,05,76,810	(2,07,57,000)	66,98,19,810
Supplies	12,02,78,305	-	12,02,78,305
Total	1,28,30,79,494	(2,76,76,000)	1,25,54,03,494

All the inventories of the Company are collateralized as security against the line of credit (Refer Note I).



^{*}Check in transit includes the check issued by the insurance company pursuant to fire related claims (Refer Note K); but not received and deposited by the Company as of March 31, 2020.

NOTE F - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property and equipment comprise of the following:

		(Amount in INR)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Leasehold improvements	1,59,92,196	1,46,86,754
Shop equipment	92,76,22,997	82,81,72,749
Office equipment	6,67,14,700	5,64,39,252
Property and equipment, gross*	1,01,03,29,893	89,92,98,755
Accumulated depreciation	(83,26,29,277)	(73,87,05,513)
Property and equipment, net	17,77,00,616	16,05,93,242
D		

Depreciation expense is Rs. 3,17,92,727/- and Rs. 2,77,61,450/- for the years ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019, respectively.

NOTE G - CAPITALIZED SOFTWARE COSTS

Information regarding the Company's other intangible assets acquired either individually, or with a group of other assets is as follows:

				(Amount in INR)
Particulars	Useful Life	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying amount
Definite life intangibles				
Software	3	4,23,51,627	(35,29,302)	3,88,22,325
Total		4,23,51,627	(35,29,302)	3,88,22,325

The Company's estimated annual amortization expense in future years for the intangible assets is as follows:

	(Amount in INR)
Year ending March 31,	Total
2021	1,41,17,209
2022	1,41,17,209
2023	1,05,87,907
Total	3,88,22,325

During the year ended March 31, 2020, the Company incurred Rs. 2,87,66,696/- (March 31, 2019: Rs. 1,24,75,995/-) of expenses related to software and implementation of a new ERP system - BAAN. The ERP software has been completed and capitalized during the year ended March 31, 2020. The ERP system was in the process of implementation as of the March 31, 2019 and amortization of the capitalized cost did not begin as of March 31, 2019. The amortization cost is Rs. 35,29,302/- and Rs. Nil for the years ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019, respectively. A portion of the costs related to the software was incurred by the Company's ultimate parent, Uniparts India Limited, and was included in due to related parties (refer Note Q) on the balance sheets as of March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019.



^{*}Property and equipment include capital work in progress amounting to Rs. 2,55,73,410/- as at March 31, 2020 and Rs. 3,70,65,637/- as at March 31, 2019. All the property and equipment of the Company are collateralized as security against the line of credit (Refer Note I).

NOTE H - RISK CONCENTRATIONS

Credit Risk

The Company's financial instruments that are exposed to concentration of credit risk consist primarily of trade accounts receivable.

For the year ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019, the Company's two largest customers accounted for approximately 71% and 78% of revenues, respectively. Two customers accounted for approximately 63% and 72% of net accounts receivable as of March 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Generally, the Company does not obtain security from its customers in support of accounts receivable. Potential losses from concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade accounts receivable are considered to be limited due to the Company's ongoing credit evaluation of its customers.

Foreign Risk

The Company purchases a significant amount of materials from affiliates located in India. This source of materials may be subject to unpredictable changes and delays due to legal, political, and climate conditions. See Note Q "Related Party Transactions "for further information.

Economic/Political Risk

The United States government has called for substantial changes to its trade policy and, in certain instances, has enacted and assessed tariffs on specific products imported from certain foreign countries; conversely, certain foreign countries have enacted tariffs on specific products exported by U.S. based companies.

The results of discussions and negotiations among these affected countries is subject to a number of factors and the magnitude of the impact on the Company cannot be predicted with any degree of certainty. Changes in international trade agreements, regulations, restrictions, and tariffs may increase the Company's operating costs and make it more difficult to compete in the U.S. markets; as a result, its business, demand for products, financial condition and results of operations could be adversely impacted. The Company is actively monitoring the status of these discussions and market reactions.

In view of the unprecedented COVID-19 pandemic and economic forecasts, the management has assessed the recoverability of its assets including receivables & inventories. In such assessment, the Company has considered internal and external information up to the date of approval of these financial statements including economic forecasts. The Company has performed analysis on the assumptions used and based on current indicators of future economic conditions, the Company expects to recover the carrying amount of these assets. The impact of the global health pandemic may be different from that estimated as at the date of approval of these financial statements and the Company will continue to closely monitor any material changes to future economic conditions.

NOTE I – DEBT

Line of Credit

In March 2019, the Company renewed its revolving line of credit to extend the term of the line of credit to March 31, 2020. Additionally, the Company must pay a non-usage fee on the average daily unused portion of the facility at a rate of 0.25% per annum, payable in arrears within thirty days of the end of each calendar month for which the fee is due. The line of credit has a variable interest rate calculated as a "floating rate" which is a "base rate" determined by LIBOR plus a variable "margin rate" based on the utilization of the line. The average interest rate for the years ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019 was approximately 4.35% and 4.49%, respectively. The line is collateralized by substantially all assets of the Company and cross-collateralized with a term loan at the bank. This line of credit is secured by a corporate guarantee by the Parent.

The Company has drawn down Rs. 36,17,03,121/- and Rs. 47,95,23,509/- on the line of credit as of March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019, respectively. Interest expense relating to this credit line was Rs. 1,90,58,204 and Rs. 2,04,76,072/- for the years ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019, respectively.



Notes Payable

The Company has a Rs. 7,53,40,000/- capital expenditures non-revolving note facility draw down availability ("capex line of credit") that expires on March 24, 2024. The interest rate that is due monthly is 2.0% plus an adjusted LIBOR. The balance as of each March 24 (unless modified with the bank) will be amortized over a 60-month period. All interest and principal are payable in full at the end of the 60-month term. In March 2019, the agreement was modified to extend the expiration date to March 31, 2025. The capex line of credit has Rs. Nil and Rs. Nil drawn down under the availability amount as of March 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively, resulting in Rs. 7,53,40,000/- and Rs. 6,91,90,000/- of availability under the current facility as of March 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The debt is collateralized by substantially all assets of the Company. The loan is also secured by a corporate guarantee by the Parent. There are four notes that were converted to term loans under the agreement that have varying monthly instalments and maturity dates included in the following table.

		(Amount in INR)	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
Capital Expenditure Non-Revolving Notes Payable:			
Note payable of Rs. 3,89,88,450/- due in monthly instalments of Rs. 6,49,808/- bearing interest at 4.85% through April 2020	6,49,808	77,57,929	
Note payable of Rs. 3,35,96,216/- due in monthly instalments of Rs. 5,59,927/- bearing interest at 4.85% through March 2021	67,19,273	1,22,72,299	
Note payable of Rs. 2,82,64,253/- due in monthly instalments of Rs. 4,71,327/- bearing interest at 4.85% through April 2022	1,17,83,402	1,60,15,894	
Note payable of Rs. 5,71,20,000/- due in monthly instalments of Rs. 9,51,996/- bearing interest at 4.49% through April 2024	4,65,72,702	5,24,57,367	
Less: current portion	(2,44,48,885)	(2,96,14,496)	
Long-term debt, net of current portion	4,12,76,300	5,88,88,993	

Future annual maturities of the long-term debt:

Year ending March 31:	(Amount in INR)
2021	2,44,48,885
2022	1,70,79,879
2023	1,18,95,508
2024	1,14,23,955
2025	8,76,882
Total	6,57,25,109



NOTE J - SALE - LEASEBACK

In March 2002, Olsen Engineering, LP (predecessor to the Company) sold its operating facilities to Pin House, LLC resulting in a loss of Rs. 3,15,32,992/- to be recognized over the life of the lease in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The owners of Pin House, LLC owned approximately 87% of Olsen Holding, LP, the former 99% limited partner of Olsen Engineering, LP. These facilities were then leased back to the Company. The accumulated loss recognized through March 2007 was Rs. 1,04,15,075/-. The remaining deferred loss of Rs. 1,75,62,345/- will be recognized over the remaining lease period.

In August 2004, Pin House, LLC sold the operating facilities to a third party resulting in a gain of Rs. 6,82,63807/-. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the gain on the sale-leaseback is recognized over the fifteen-year lease period. The accumulated gain recognized through March 2007 was Rs. 1,11,83,344/- for Pin House, LLC. The remaining deferred gain of Rs. 5,37,52,357/- is being recognized over the remaining lease period.

The March 31, 2007 financial statements reported the deferred gain of Rs. 5,37,52,357/- from the leaseback under Pin House. The current year financial statements for the Company reflect the reporting of the Pin House deferred gain. In addition, the deferred loss of Rs. 1,75,62,345/- as of March 31, 2007 has been recorded as a reduction of the deferred gain. The net deferred gain of Rs. Rs. 3,61,90,012/- is being amortized by the Company over the remaining twelve-year lease term. The gain recognized during the year ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019 is Rs. 19,97,253/- and Rs. 47,26,103/-, respectively. The unrecognized deferred gain with respect to this transaction is Rs. Nil and Rs. 19,49,082/- as of March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019, respectively.

NOTE K – FIRE RELATED EXPENSES AND INSURANCE CLAIM RECOVERIES

In October 2019, the Company had an incident of fire in the plant and suffered property damages. Since the claim process is in progress as of March 31, 2020, the Company has recognized the claim to the extent it has been approved by the insurance company and related expenses have been incurred.

During the year ended March 31, 2020, the Company incurred expenses related to fire amounting to Rs. 21,83,43,264/- and has recognized insurance claim recoveries amounting to Rs. 23,17,94,363/-. As at March 31, 2020, the Company has receivables for insurance claim amounting to Rs. 6,02,90,534/- and advance insurance claim recovery amounting to Rs. 4,92,39,060/-. In addition, the Company is working with insurance carriers on possible recovery of certain losses and costs for which no insurance recoveries have been recognized.

NOTE L - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments

The Company has various operating equipment leases and two building leases as of March 31, 2020. Total lease expense approximated Rs. 6,08,93,954/- and Rs. 4,00,64,160/- for the years ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019, respectively. Under the terms of the building leases, the Company is responsible for all repairs, maintenance, insurance, real estate taxes and utilities on its respective lease.

Future minimum lease payments as at March 31, 2020 for such non-cancellable leases are as follows:

				(Amount in INR)
Year ending March 31:	Equipment	Building	Vehicle	Total
2021	16,93,869	2,72,55,300	35,00,598	3,24,49,767
2022	58,539	2,74,14,267	35,00,598	3,09,73,404
2023		2,82,09,104	35,00,598	3,17,09,702
2024	-	2,82,09,104	31,83,868	3,13,92,972
2025	-	2,88,67,350	5,33,407	2,94,00,757
Thereafter	**	14,41,81,850	-	14,41,81,850
Total	17,52,408	28,41,36,975	1,42,19,069	30,01,08,452

The Company has a standby letter of credit for Rs. 88,21,725/- with a bank at March 31, 2019 to secure the lease for the building. The letter of credit is secured by all assets of the Company and a guarantee by the Parent. As of March 31, 2020, the standby letter of credit has been revoked by the bank.

The Company has guaranteed the liabilities of its Parent at the same financial institution as the debt disclosed in Note I. The guarantee is unconditional as the primary obligor and performance is required for full and prompt payment of the debt when due, whether at stated maturity, by acceleration or otherwise. The Parent's liabilities balance at this institution was approximately Rs. 2,29,78,700/- and Rs. 45,66,54,000/- as of March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019, respectively.



Contingencies

During the year ended March 31, 2015, a major customer (the "Customer") of the Company informed the Company of a warranty claim issue relating to a specific part supplied by the Company that was not properly heat treated and thus allegedly caused defects in the assembly ultimately sold by the Customer to its end users. Although the Customer had been aware of claims arising from this product for nearly one year, the Company was first notified of a potential claim in August of 2014, the amount of which was then unknown. Based upon the data provided to the Company by the Customer in 2015, the Customer experienced the majority of claims relating to this item in 2012 and 2013. In 2016, the Company settled this claim for Rs. 11,13,16,800/- and recorded a liability for the full amount in accrued expense. The Company outsourced this specific part for heat treating and the Company expects to be reimbursed Rs. 2,81,60,500/- by its vendor. As of March 31, 2020, and March 31, 2019, the receivable from the vendor was approximately Rs. Nil and Rs. 74,72,520/-, respectively.

NOTE M - REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

The following table presents revenue disaggregated by product line:

		(Amount in INR)
Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2020	For the Year ended March 31, 2019
Revenue from sale of goods	3,32,47,60,990	4,03,51,12,566
Total	3,32,47,60,990	4,03,51,12,566
The following table presents revenue disaggregated by timing of recognition:		
		(Amount in INR)
Particulars		For the Year ended
		March 31, 2020
At a point in time		3,32,47,60,990
Total		3,32,47,60,990

Contract Balances

The Company's contracts with customers typically consist of sale of products which represent performance obligations that are satisfied upon transfer of control of the product to the customer at a point in time. The Company adopted the new revenue recognition standard using the modified retrospective transition approach and determined that the existing revenue recognition practices comply with ASC 606. Accordingly, there was no cumulative effect adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings in the balance sheet as at March 31, 2020, as the adoption did not result in a change to the timing of revenue recognition.

	(Amount in INR)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020
Accounts receivable	39,14,97,322
Total	39,14,97,322



NOTE N - INCOME TAXES

For the years ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019, the Company will file consolidated federal and state tax returns as per regulations applicable to Chapter C corporations in the United States.

The components of the provision (benefit) for income taxes consisted of the following:

			(Amount in INR)
Particulars **		As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Current			
Federal		1,48,43,624	2,87,61,802
State		45,71,419	1,69,45,532
	(A)	1,94,15,043	4,57,07,334
Deferred			, , ,
Federal		1,31,90,449	31,14,027
State		(5,74,928)	91,04,703
(B)	(B)	1,26,15,521	1,22,18,730
Provision for income taxes (A+B)	3,20,30,564	5,79,26,064

The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act was enacted on December 22, 2017. The Act reduced the US federal corporate tax rate from 35% to 21%. The Company remeasured deferred tax assets and liabilities based on the rates at which they are expected to reverse in the future, which is generally 21%. Income tax expense differs from the amounts that would be obtained by applying Federal statutory rates to income before income tax expense because no tax benefit has been provided for non-deductible expenses, research and development credits have been used to reduce taxable income, the benefit of prior year accrual to actual deductions and state income taxes.

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. Components of the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities consist of the following amounts:

		(Amount in INR)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Deferred tax assets:		
Accrued expenses	1,02,65,979	1,09,02,614
Bad debts	10,45,041	13,41,456
Inventory	2,03,64,025	1,50,98,434
Deferred gain	··· /	5,03,911
Deferred rent	13,96,352	5,00,711
Total	3,30,71,397	2,78,46,415
Less: Valuation allowance		-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Deferred tax assets, net	3,30,71,397	2,78,46,415
Deferred tax liability		
Goodwill	(13,12,88,463)	(12,35,86,279)
Prepaid expenses	(15,43,943)	(9,38,562)
Property and equipment	(5,41,51,002)	(3,23,58,502)
Deferred tax liability	(18,69,83,408)	(15,68,83,343)
Net deferred tax liability	(15,39,12,011)	(12,90,36,928)



Accounting for Uncertain Tax Position

The Company recognizes the financial statement impact of a tax position when it is more likely than not that the position will be sustained upon examination.

The tax years of 2016 through 2018 remain subject to examination by the taxing authorities.

NOTE O - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

The Company has a defined contribution plan ("the Plan") under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code which covers substantially all regular full-time employees who have attained the defined age and service requirements.

The Plan provides for employee and discretionary employer matching contributions. Employer contributions to the Plan approximated Rs. 57,00,006/- and Rs. 58,03,360/- for the years ended March 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

The Company has elected to be self-insured for its group health and dental plan which covers all employees and their immediate families up to a maximum annual claim of Rs. 60,27,200/- per individual with an aggregate annual ceiling of approximately Rs. 9,04,08,000/-. Insurance coverage has been obtained for claims in excess of these levels. The amount of expenses relating to the Plan approximated Rs. 5,95,38,913/- and Rs. 5,85,23,040/- for the years ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019, respectively. Claims incurred but not reported for which the Company is liable were approximately Rs. 64,03,900/- and Rs. 1,05,16,880/- as of March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019, respectively. Incurred but not reported claims are included in accrued expenses in the accompanying balance sheets.

NOTE P - STOCK COMPENSATION EXPENSE

Uniparts India Limited ("UIL"), the ultimate parent company, issued stock option incentive plans, under which the employees of the Company may subscribe to stock options. Under the plan, stock options to purchase UIL's common stock may be granted to employees at prices not lower than fair value at the date of grant. Stock options have a maximum term of 15 years.

Activity under the plan to the extent related to employees of the Company:

				(Amount in INR)
Balance as on	Number of stock options	Weighted-average exercise price (INR)	Weighted average remaining contractual life (Years)	Aggregate intrinsic value
March 31, 2019	20,000	52.50	14.65	5,10,345
Granted	25,000	52.50	15.00	9,37,154
Exercised	-	-	-	-
Forfeited	-	-		-
March 31, 2020 Options vested and exercisable	45,000	. 52.50	. 14.04	14,47,500

The weighted average exercise price of options is Rs. 52.50/-. The Company has recognized Rs. 6,37,746/- as stock-based compensation expense for the year ended March 31, 2020.

The following table summarizes information about the pre-tax intrinsic value of options exercised, and the weighted average grant date fair value per share of options granted.

		(Amount in INR)
Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2020	For the Year ended March 31, 2019
Intrinsic value of options exercised	-	-
Weighted average fair value of stock options granted	84.38	78.18



The grant date fair value of options has been estimated using the Black-Scholes single option pricing model with following

Particulars	Rate
Risk free interest rate	6.49% - 6.73%
Expected dividend yield	0.93%
Expected life of option in years	8.50 - 9.50
Weighted average expected volatility	14.74% - 14.84%

NOTE Q - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company purchases materials from companies located in India that are affiliated through common ownership. Purchases from these related companies approximated Rs. 1,07,19,37,100/- and Rs. 1,47,48,22,560/- for the years ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019, respectively. Additionally, there is approximately Rs. 21,69,91,179/- and Rs. 16,79,24,130/-, due to these companies for purchases of materials as of March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019, respectively. These amounts will be paid under normal trade terms with these affiliated companies. The Company provides minimal services to the aforementioned related companies. As of March 31, 2020, and March 31, 2019 and for the years then ended, sales to these related parties and the related accounts receivable are immaterial to the financial statements.

The Company files a consolidated tax return with its Parent. Cash is advanced from the Company to the Parent to pay the Company's share of Federal and state income tax liabilities. As at March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019. the Company was due Rs. 3,14,34,862/- and Rs. 3,54,30,677/-, respectively, from the Parent for advances for income taxes made in excess of actual liabilities. These advances are non-interest bearing and are due upon demand, by the Company.

During the year ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019, the Company's Ultimate Parent, Uniparts India Limited, incurred costs related to the Company's purchase of software and the implementation of a new ERP system (see Note G). As at March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019, balance due to Company's Ultimate Parent was Rs. 1,73,64,665/- and Rs. 90,91,912/-, respectively.

As of March 31, 2020, and March 31, 2019, Parent company has provided guarantee to the Company for line of credit. The Company has provided corporate guarantee and substantially all the assets of the Company are collateralized for the notes payable by the Parent.

NOTE R - COMMON STOCK

Common stock

The authorized share capital of the Company is Rs. 5,25,47,002 comprising of 1,224,301 shares of par value \$1 each, translated at Rs. 45.55 for 6,12,151 shares and Rs. 40.29 for 6,12,150 shares, of which all the common stock are issued and outstanding.

Voting

Each holder of common stock is entitled to one vote in respect of each share held by him in the records of the Company for all matters submitted to a vote.

Liquidation

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of common stock shall be entitled to receive all of the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, if any. Such amounts will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.



NOTE S - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company evaluated all events and transactions that occurred after March 31, 2020 through July 30, 2020; the date the financial statements are issued. Based on the evaluation, the Company is not aware of any other events or transactions that would require recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

On April 01, 2020, the bank line of credit was renewed and revised to the amount of Rs. 60,27,20,000/- for the Company. On April 10, 2020, Uniparts USA Ltd., the parent company, received loan proceeds in the amount of Rs. 16,32,80,615/- from JPMorgan Chase, N.A. (the "Loan") pursuant to the Paycheck Protection Program ("PPP") under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act (the "CARES Act"), which was enacted on March 27, 2020. The Company is also a beneficiary of the loan. Funds from the Loan may only be used for payroll costs, costs used to continue group health care benefits, rent and utilities (collectively, "Qualifying Expenses"). The Company intends to use the entire Loan amount for the Qualifying Expenses. Under the terms of the PPP, certain amounts of the Loan may be forgiven if they are used for Qualifying Expenses as described in the CARES Act.

NOTE T - TRANSLATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT INTO PRESENTATION CURRENCY

The Company's Financial Statements are prepared using its Functional Currency which is US Dollar. The same is translated into Indian Rupee in line with the requirement of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ('SEBI') as amended in pursuance of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992; The following Foreign Currency Exchange rates were used while translating the Financial Statements.

i. All assets and liabilities are translated using closing foreign currency exchange rate as on the last day of relevant financial year.

ii. All incomes and expenditures are translated using average foreign currency exchange rate of the relevant financial year.

iii. Equity instruments i.e. paid up capital and common stock are translated using foreign currency exchange rate at the date of transaction.



Uniparts Olsen Inc.

Supplementary Information

Translated Computation of Earnings Before Interest Expense, Income Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization (EBITDA)

March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019

		(Amount in INR)
Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2020	For the Year ended March 31, 2019
Net Income	14,82,47,931	20,00,00,207
Adjustments:	,,	20,00,00,20,
Interest Expense	2,30,73,271	2,43,37,684
Income Tax Expense	3,20,30,564	5,79,26,063
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	3,17,92,727	2,77,61,380
Total adjustments	8,68,96,562	11,00,25,127
EBITDA	23,51,44,493	31,00,25,334

